## **SRv6 based Network Slicing**

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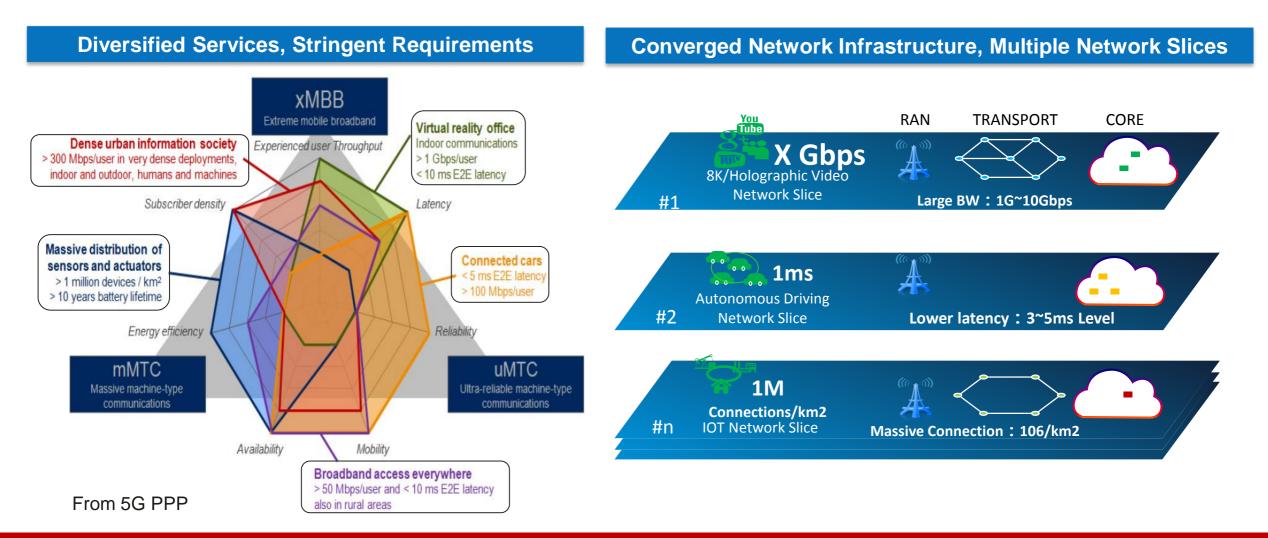


Security Level:

## Contents

- Network Slicing Requirement
- Network Slicing Architecture
- SRv6 based Network Slicing

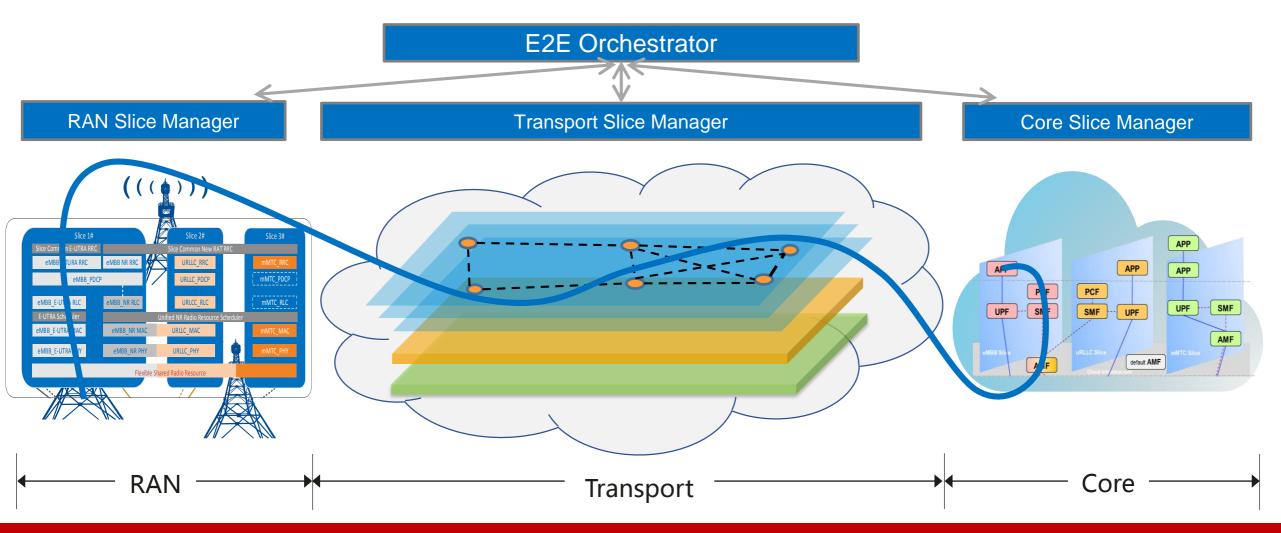
### 5G Emerging Services Leads to Network Slicing



#### Network Slicing is the KEY to meet diversified service requirement in one network



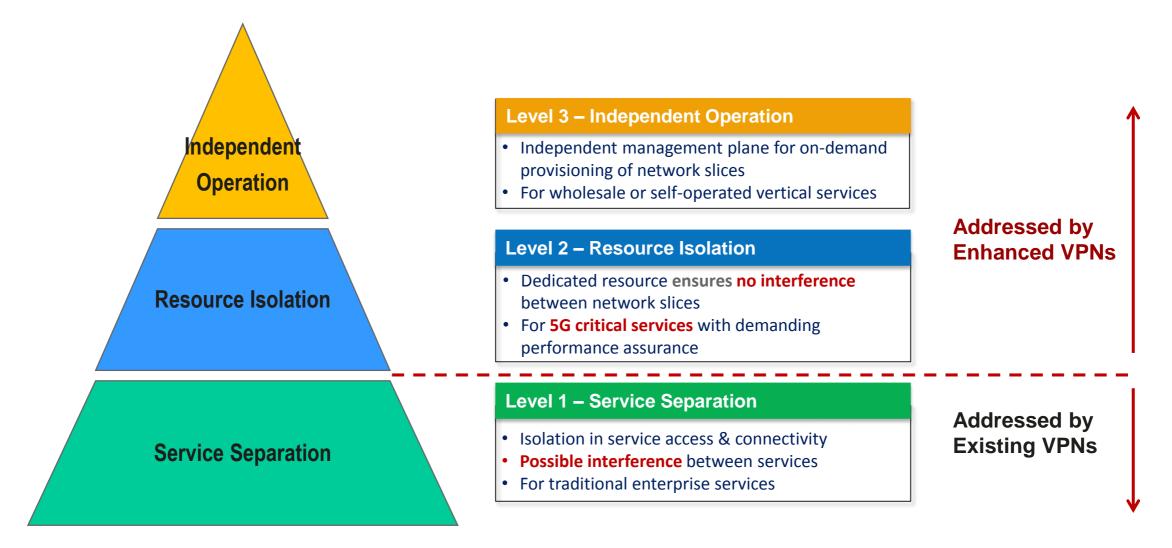
### Transport Network in End-to-End Network Slicing



#### Transport network provides end-to-end network slice connectivity and SLA assurance

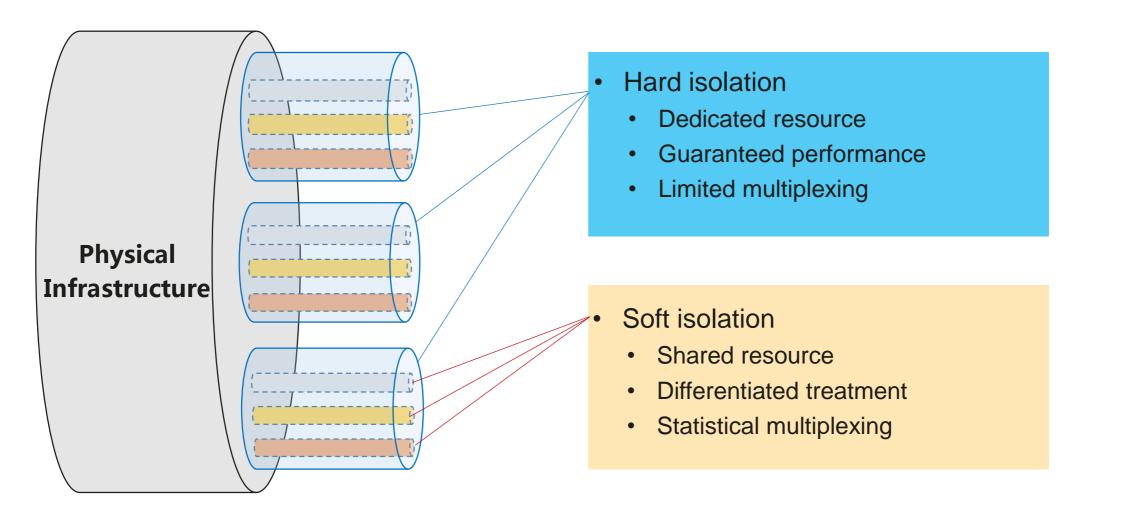


### **Transport Network Slicing Requirements**





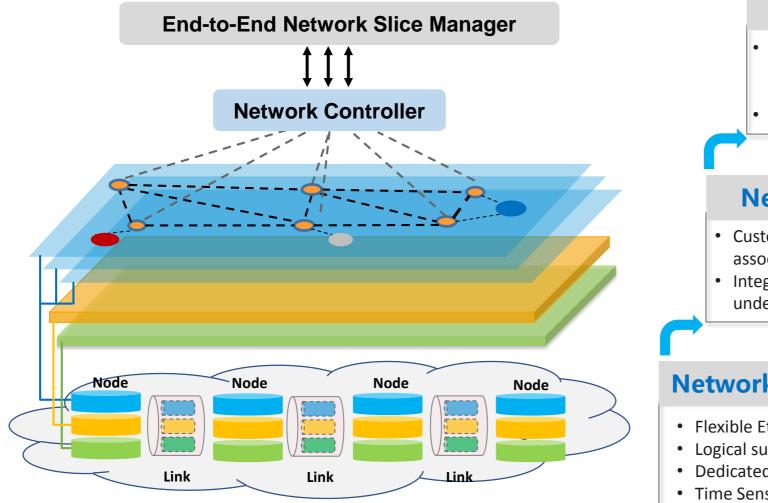
### Degree of Isolation: Depends on Service Requirement



Network Slicing requires both hard and soft isolation to meet different level of SLA requirement



### Transport Network Slicing Architecture



#### **Network Slice Management**

- Dynamic/automatic network slice life-cycle management
  - Creation, monitoring, adjustment, deletion
- Network slice planning algorithms

### **Network Slice Instantiation**

- Customize network slice topology and associated attributes
- Integration between overlay connectivity and underlay resource

### SRv6 based

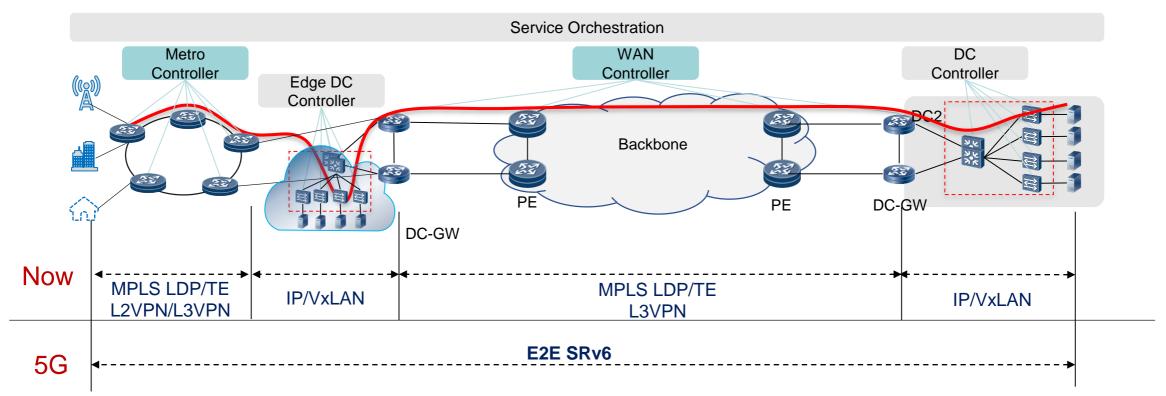
### **Network Resource Partitioning**

- Flexible Ethernet (FlexE)
- Logical sub-interface
- Dedicated queues
- Time Sensitive Networking (TSN)

7 Huawei Confidential https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-teas-enhanced-vpn



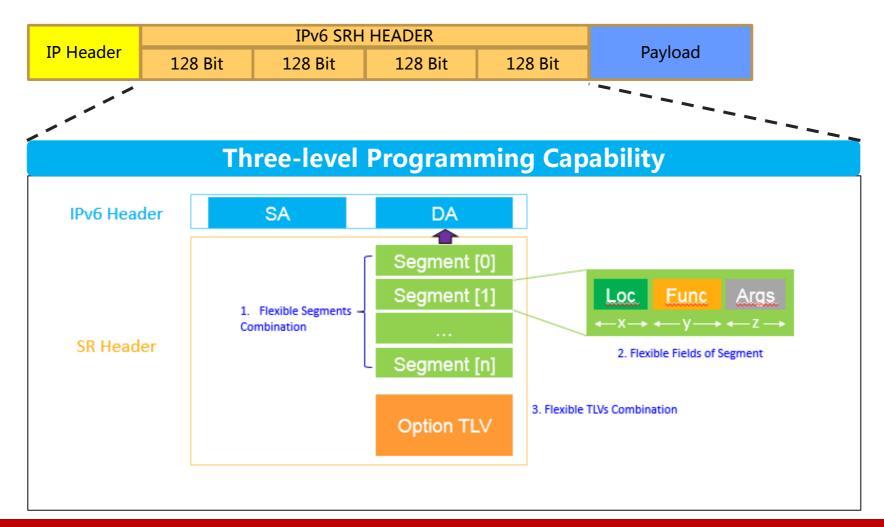
## SRv6: End-to-End Unified Transport Network



- **Simplicity:** No extra signaling, less state maintained in network
- Integration: Underlay and overlay, network and application
- End-to-End: Unified mechanism across multiple network domains
- **DC Acceptance:** Based on IPv6 reachability, easier to be accepted in data center



## SRv6: Network Programming



#### SRv6 programmability is essential for 5G network slicing and service innovation



## SRv6 based Network Slicing: Data Plane

- SRv6 enhancement for network resource awareness
  - Different SRv6 SIDs represent network resource allocated on ۲ each segment for different network slices
- Network slice identification

A2:1::C1

A6:2::C1

Dedicated SRv6 Locator for each network slice •

A2:1::1

A2:2::1

22

A2:2::C1

A6:1::C1

22

A6:1::1

A6:2::1

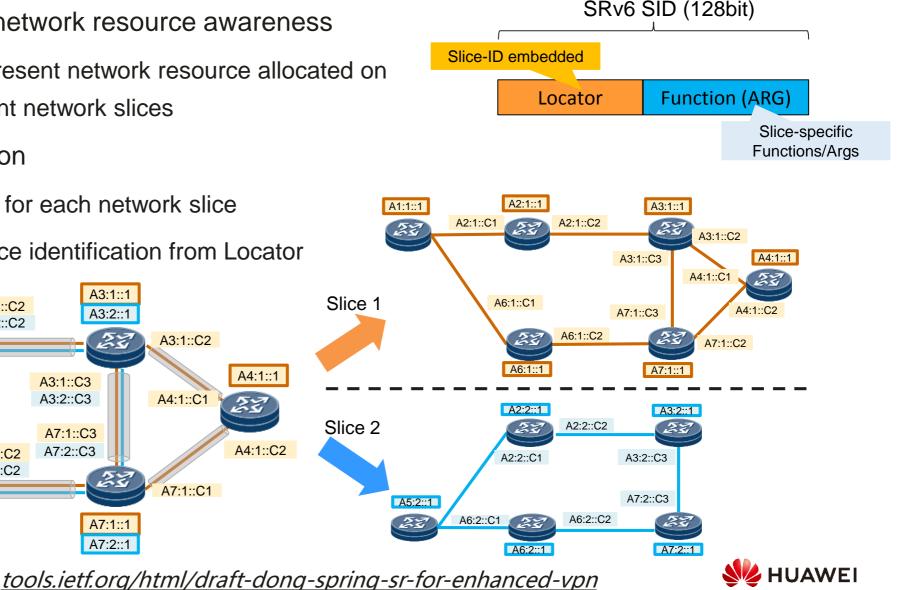
SRv6 SIDs inherit the slice identification from Locator ٠

A2:1::C2

A2:2::C2

A6:1::C2

A6:2::C2



A1:1::1

A1:2::1

25

A5:1::1

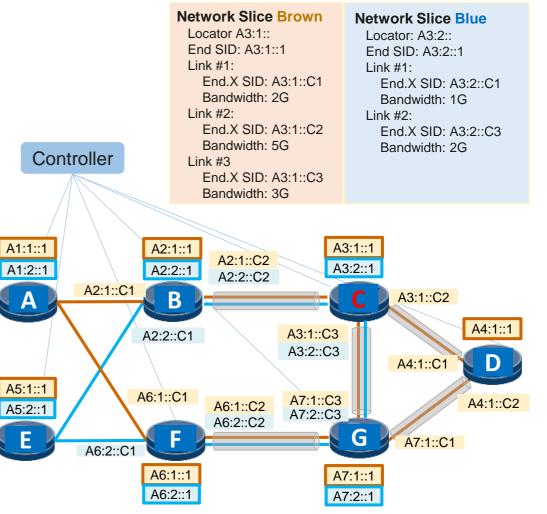
A5:2::1

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## SRv6 based Network Slicing: Control Plane

- Hybrid of centralized and distributed control
  - SDN with SR/SRv6
- Based on Multi-Topology concept
  - Provide basic functionality for network slicing
    - Create multiple virtual topologies in a physical network
    - Allow topology-specific attribute customization
- Extensions for SRv6 network slicing
  - Reuse Topology-ID as network slice identifier
  - Advertise slice-specific SRv6 Locators and SIDs
  - Advertise resource attributes associated with SRv6 SIDs of different network slices

#### Node C advertises:



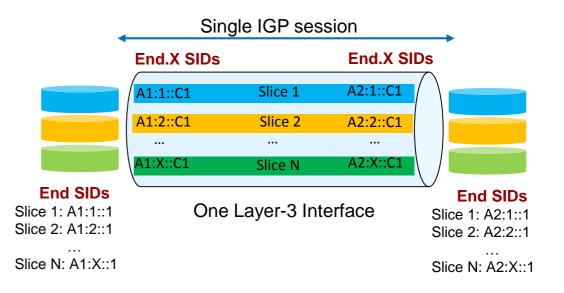


tools.ietf.org/html/draft-dong-lsr-sr-enhanced-vpn



### Network Slicing Scalability Considerations

- Comply to SR/SRv6 principle
  - No per-flow state introduced in the network
  - Necessary per-hop states for guaranteed performance
- Shared control plane, isolated data plane
  - Multiple network slices over the same control session
  - Use slice-specific SIDs to steer traffic into different set of resources
- Further optimizations
  - Reduce control plane overhead
  - Improve resource utilization





## Network Slicing related Standards

### RAN & Mobile Core

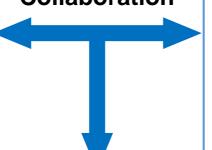
#### SA2: Network Slicing Architecture

- TS 23.501: System Architecture for the 5G System
- TS 23.502: Procedures for the 5G System (5GS)

#### SA5: Network Slicing Management

- **TS 28.530:** Management and orchestration, Concepts, use cases and requirements
- TS 28.531: Management and orchestration; Provisioning

### Collaboration



broadband Access & Transport Architecture

- SD-406: End-to-End Network Slicing
- Mobile Transport & Routing
  - SD.5GTransport / WT.5GTransport
- MTNSi: Mobile-Transport Network Slice instance
  - Management Interface

#### **Technical Specifications**



#### Data, Control & Mgmt. plane

- Enhanced VPN Framework (VPN+)
  - draft-ietf-teas-enhanced-vpn (WG document)
- Service/Data Models
  - L3SM (RFC 8299) / L2SM (RFC 8466)
  - VN Model (WG document)
  - TE Service Mapping Model (WG document)
- SR for Enhanced VPN
  - draft-dong-spring-sr-for-enhanced-vpn
- Control Protocol Extensions
  - IGP: draft-dong-lsr-sr-enhanced-vpn
  - Other protocol extensions: in progress

### EEE Ethernet Network

#### Time Sensitive Network (TSN)

 TSN Profile for service provider networks

### Flexible Ethernet

- FlexE 1.0
- FlexE 2.0

### 🤯 SG-15

- GSTR-TN5G: Transport network
  support of IMT-2020/5G
- G.ctn5g: Characteristics of transport
  networks to support IMT-2020/5G
- G.mtn: Interfaces for a metro transport
  network





- Transport network slicing is a key component in 5G end-to-end network slicing
- Architectural enhancements are needed to fully meet different levels of network slicing requirements
- SRv6 E2E and programmability make it suitable for network slicing



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